

COVID-19 AND OLDER ADULTS AGED 65 AND OLDER

16.2%

of all COVID-19 cases are 65 years and older

14.7%

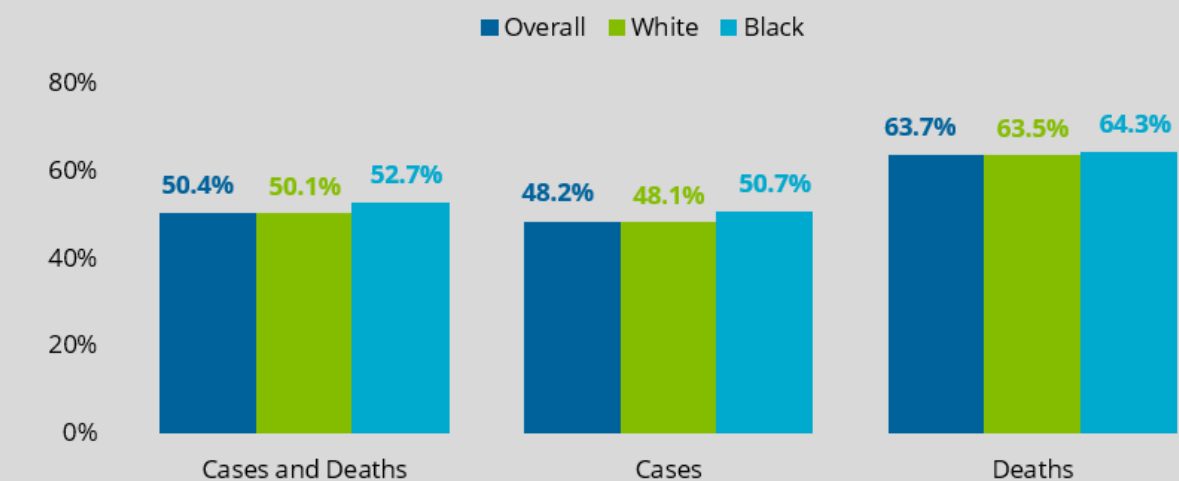
of COVID-19 older adults are in a congregate home facility

8.2%

of all older adults who had COVID-19 have died

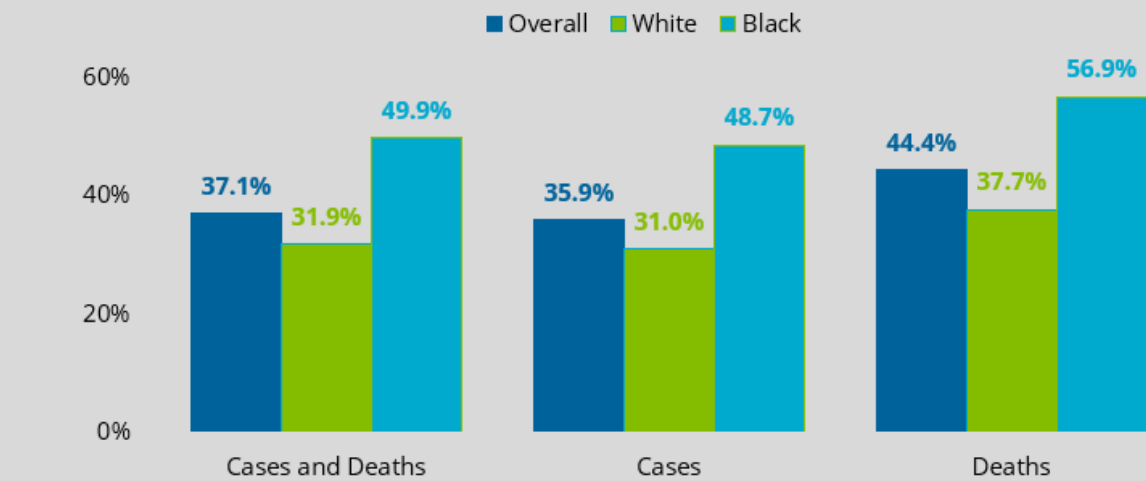


Cardiovascular Disease Among Older Adults, by Race



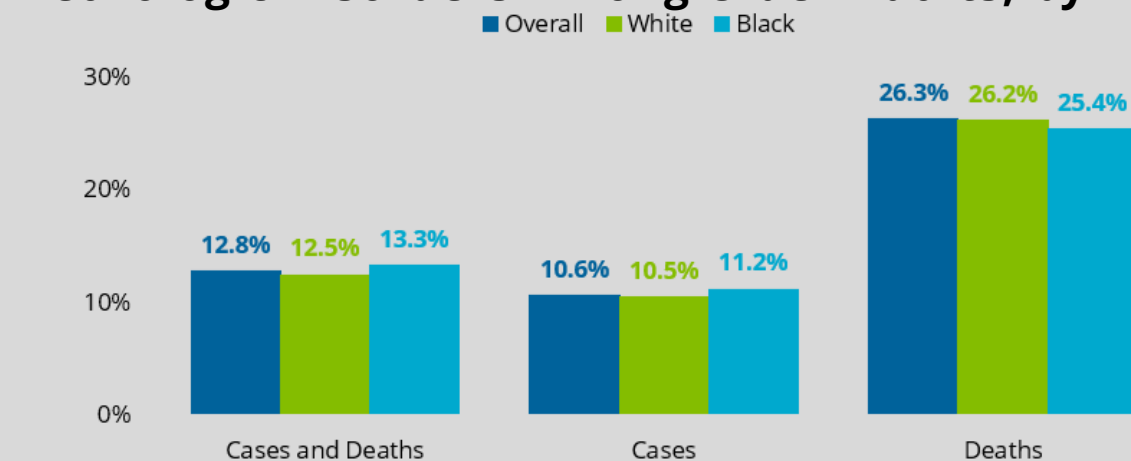
63.7% of all COVID-19 deaths among older adults had cardiovascular disease

Diabetes Among Older Adults, by Race



Older, Black adults with COVID-19 are more likely to have diabetes compared to their White counterparts

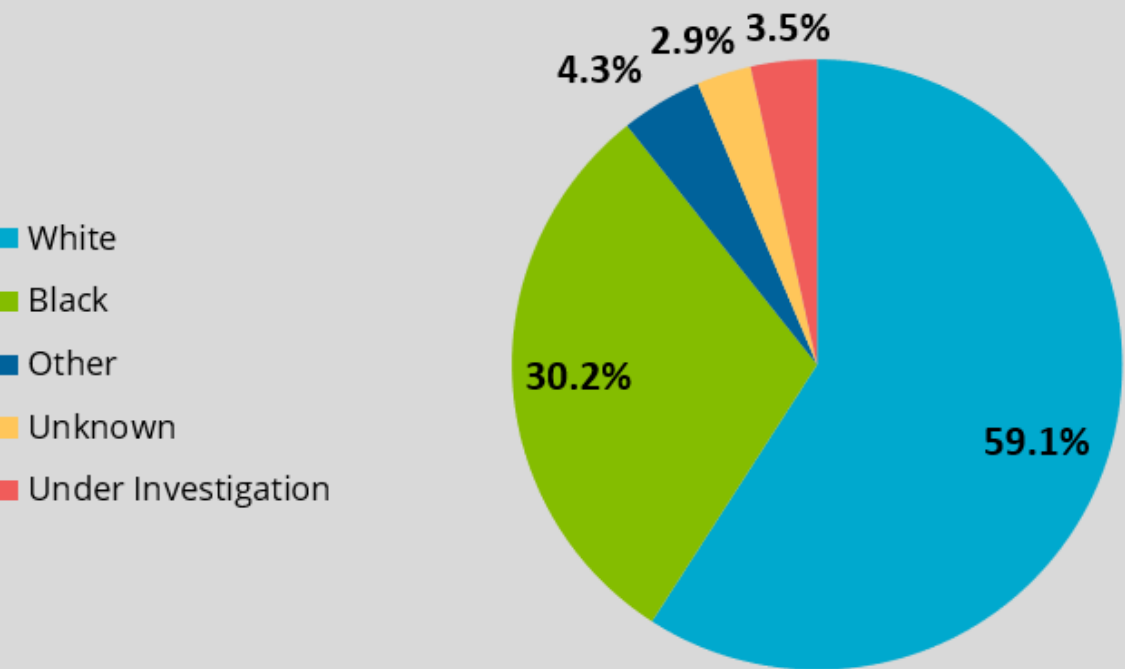
Neurologic Disorders Among Older Adults, by Race



Older adults with a neurologic disorder are at a 2.1 times higher risk of dying from COVID-19 compared to those without a disorder

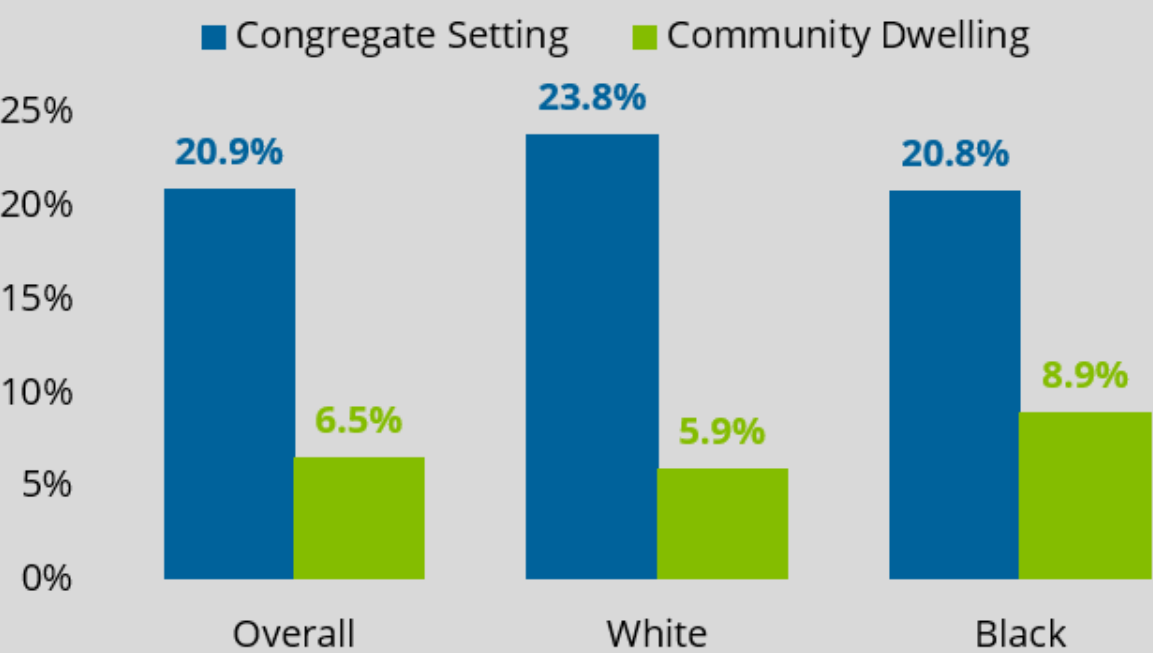
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Percent of COVID-19 Related Hospitalizations Among Older Adults, by Race



Although Blacks account for 20.3% of older adult cases, they account for 19.0% of all older adult COVID-19 hospitalizations.

Percentage of Older Adults Who Died, by Setting and Race



Whites are more likely to die in a congregare setting when compared to Blacks; however, Black older adults are more likely to die in the community.

Summary



OLDER ADULTS ARE AT A GREATER RISK OF NEGATIVE HEALTH OUTCOMES DUE TO COVID-19. COMPARED TO THOSE 64 AND YOUNGER, **THOSE THAT ARE 65+ ARE 6.7 AND 21.8 TIMES THE RISK OF HOSPITALIZATION AND DEATH, RESPECTIVELY.**

IT IS IMPORTANT FOR OLDER ADULTS TO **BE VACCINATED WITH THE COVID-19 VACCINE WHEN IT IS THEIR TURN.** THIS WILL HELP REDUCE THE RISK FOR HOSPITALIZATIONS AND DEATH.



PRODUCED BY THE BUREAU OF
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DATA ARE PROVISIONAL